CHAPTER 3. AVIATION FORECASTS

This chapter presents the statistical data available for the general aviation activity at Lincoln Regional Airport located in Lincoln, Placer County, California. Lincoln Regional Airport does not serve any airline, air cargo, or air taxi operations at this time. The major airline operations for the area are served from Sacramento International Airport, and it is expected that Sacramento International Airport will continue to serve the major airlines. Short-haul commuter, air taxi, and air cargo operations are feasible uses in the future at Lincoln Regional Airport.

3-1 Based Aircraft and Operations

Forecasts of future operations at the airport, including the based aircraft and total aircraft operations through the year 2030 are presented in this chapter. Short-term forecasts (0 to 5 years), medium-term forecasts (5 to 10 years) and long-term forecasts (10 to 20 years) have been included.

The overall general aviation traffic generated at airports throughout the United States has shown little or no increase since 1980, as represented by the number of active general aviation aircraft and private pilots during this period. Statistics from the Federal Aviation Administration *Statistical Handbook on Aviation*, which are included in the *California Aviation System Planning Inventory Manual* and on the Aircraft Owners and Pilots Association (AOPA) website, are shown for the active general aviation aircraft in Table No. 3-1 and for the active pilots by type of rating in Table No. 3-2 for the entire United States.

In many areas of the United States there has been extensive growth of general aviation and in other areas there has been a decrease in general aviation activity. The average activities have remained fairly constant since 1980. These changes in activity are usually associated with changes in population and economic conditions. The large cost of operating and buying general aviation aircraft, including the increased cost of the aircraft, aircraft fuel and other support activities, have had a significant influence on the number of persons that own and fly the small general aviation aircraft. Leisure and recreation type flying has dropped off significantly, while business and airline type flying has increased.

The manufacture of small propeller-driven general aviation aircraft in the United States ceased in the 1980s and early 1990s because of large liability claims. The Air Revitalization Act of 1994 limited the liability of aircraft manufacturers, and there has now been a resumption of the manufacture of some models. The statistics indicate a trend for a significant growth in single engine piston and twin engine piston aircraft and a larger growth in turbojet, experimental aircraft, and light sport aircraft (LSA). The development of the Very Light Jet (VLJ) is expected to have a significant influence on business and recreational flying. This aircraft has excellent performance, and the cost of purchase and operation of the aircraft is significantly lower than the cost of other business jet aircraft.

TABLE NO. 3-1 ACTIVE GENERAL AVIATION AIRCRAFT IN THE U.S. – 1973 TO 2006														
Year	Piston Single Engine	Piston Multi- Engine	Piston Other	Turbo Prop ¹	Turbojet ²	Rotor- craft	Experimental	Other	Total					
1973	126,074	18,502	190	1,849	1,380	3,115	N/A	2,201	153,311					
1974	131,512	19,553	190	2,095	1,561	3,597	N/A	2,525	161,033					
1975	136,639	20,119	178	2,504	1,743	4,054	N/A	2,812	168,049					
1976	144,752	21,111	196	2,453	1,881	4,425	N/A	3,146	177,964					
1977	149,300	21,301	182	2,890	2,277	4,726	N/A	3,616	184,294					
1978	160,651	22,949	221	3,129	2,479	5,314	N/A	4,028	198,778					
1979	168,390	24,850	229	3,579	2,653	5,864	N/A	4,770	210,339					
1980	168,435	24,366	212	4,090	2,992	6,001	N/A	4,945	211,045					
1981	167,898	25,356	114	4,660	3,171	6,974	N/A	5,049	213,226					
1982 164,173 24,882 140 5,186 3,996 6,169 N/A 5,233 209,779														
1983 166,427 24,909 143 5,453 3,898 6,539 N/A 5,923 213,293														
1984	171,922	25,258	262	5,809	4,320	7,096	N/A	6,275	220,943					
1985	153,400	22,100	100	5,000	4,100	6,000	N/A	5,800	196,500					
1986	160,300	22,100	100	5,600	4,200	6,500	N/A	6,500	205,300					
1987	159,700	21,700	100	4,900	4,000	5,900	N/A	6,300	202,700					
1988	153,700	21,200	100	4,900	3,900	6,000	N/A	6,400	196,200					
1989	158,900	21,800	100	5,900	4,100	7,000	N/A	7,200	205,000					
1990	154,000	21,100	100	5,300	4,100	6,900	N/A	6,600	198,000					
1991	152,836	20,551	131	4,941	4,126	6,238	N/A	8,051	196,874					
1992	144,837	17,966	77	4,786	4,004	5,979	N/A	8,000	185,650					
1993	133,516	15,626	14	4,116	3,663	4,721	10,426	5,037	177,120					
1994	127,351	14,801	NA	4,092	3,914	4,728	12,144	5,906	172,936					
1995	137,049	15,739	NA	4,995	4,559	5,830	15,176	4,741	188,089					
1996	137,401	16,150	NA	5,716	4,424	6,570	16,625	4,244	191,129					
1997	140,038	16,017	NA	5,619	5,178	6,785	14,680	4,092	192,414					
1998	144,234	18,729	NA	6,174	6,066	7,426	16,502	5,580	204,710					
1999	150,886	20,930	108	5,679	7,120	7,448	20,528	6,765	219,464					
2000	149,422	20,951	140	5,762	7,001	7,150	20,407	6,700	217,533					
2001	145,034	18,192	89	6,596	7,787	6,783	20,421	6,545	211,447					
2002	143,503	17,584	101	6,841	8,355	6,646	21,936	6,377	211,244					
2003	143,265	17,491	182	7,689	7,997	6,525	20,550	6,008	209,708					
2004	148,613	18,469	107	8,379	9,298	7,821	20,800	5,939	219,426					
2005	148,101	19,412	170	7,942	9,823	8,728	23,627	6,454	224,352					
2006	148,236	19,364	400	8,026	10,032	9,232	24,541	6,592	226,422					

Subtotals might not add to totals due to rounding, estimation, and/or survey procedures.

Data is derived from the AOPA website, which includes all registered aircraft excluding: 1) air carrier aircraft operated under FAR Part 121, and 2) aircraft flow less than one hour per year (inactive).

SOURCE: AOPA Website (5-29-07)

¹ Turbo Prop is a jet engine turning a propeller.

² Turbojet is a pure jet.

³ Revised to correct for nonresponse bias on FAA G.A. Activity Survey

⁴ Revised due to change in estimating procedures for the 1996 FAA G.A. Activity Survey.

	F.A.A.	CERTIFIED U.S		NO. 3-2 BY TYPE OF RA	ATING - 192	29-2004	
Year	Student	Recreational	Private	Commercial	ATP	Other	Total
1929	N/A	N/A	4,162	5,053	N/A	N/A	9,215
1930	N/A	N/A	7,433	7,847	N/A	N/A	15,280
1931	N/A	N/A	9,226	8,513	N/A	N/A	17,739
1932	N/A	N/A	10,297	7,964	330	N/A	18,591
1933	N/A	N/A	5,771	7,635	554	N/A	13,960
1934	N/A	N/A	5,789	7,484	676	N/A	13,949
1935	N/A	N/A	6,707	7,062	736	N/A	14,505
1936	N/A	N/A	7,622	7,288	842	N/A	15,752
1937	N/A	N/A	10,206	6,411	1,064	N/A	17,681
1938	N/A	N/A	13,985	7,839	1,159	N/A	22,983
1939	N/A	N/A	20,832	11,677	1,197	N/A	33,706
1940	N/A	N/A	49,507	18,791	1,431	N/A	69,729
1941	N/A	N/A	93,782	34,578	1,587	N/A	129,947
1942	N/A	N/A	108,689	55,760	2,177	N/A	166,626
1943	N/A	N/A	106,951	63,940	2,315	N/A	173,206
1944	N/A	N/A	111,883	66,449	3,046	N/A	181,378
1945	N/A	N/A	128,207	162,873	5,815	N/A	296,895
1946	N/A	N/A	189,156	203,251	7,654	N/A	400,061
1947	N/A	N/A	244,270	181,912	7,059	N/A	433,241
1948	N/A	N/A	306,699	176,845	7,762	N/A	491,306
1949	N/A	N/A	328,380	187,789	9,025	N/A	525,194
1950	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1951	N/A	N/A	371,854	197,900	10,813	N/A	580,567
1952	N/A	N/A	371,174	191,824	10,893	N/A	573,891
1953	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	18,279	N/A	N/A
1954	71,959	N/A	184,595	80,340	12,129	N/A	349,023
1955	80,494	N/A	132,526	72,957	11,774	N/A	297,751
1956	95,124	N/A	96,864	54,542	11,173	N/A	257,703
1957	98,498	N/A	124,799	70,813	13,964	N/A	308,074
1958	103,456	N/A	140,673	93,126	15,840	N/A	353,095
1959	107,816	N/A	139,804	93,815	18,950	N/A	360,385
1960	99,182	N/A	138,869	89,904	18,279	1,828	348,062
1961	93,973	N/A	144,312	92,976	19,155	2,444	352,860
1962	94,870	N/A	149,405	95,047	20,032	4,617	363,971
1963	105,298	N/A	152,209	96,341	20,269	4,583	378,700
1964	120,743	N/A	175,574	108,428	21,572	4,724	431,041
1965	139,172	N/A	196,393	116,665	22,440	5,100	479,770
1966	165,177	N/A	222,427	131,539	23,917	5,697	548,757
1967	181,287	N/A	253,312	150,135	25,817	7,380	617,931
1968	209,406	N/A	281,728	164,458	28,607	7,496	691,695
1969	203,520	N/A	299,491	176,585	31,442	8,990	720,028
1970	195,861	N/A	303,779	186,821	34,430	11,838	732,729
1971	186,428	N/A	312,656	192,409	35,949	13,567	741,009
1972	181,477	N/A	321,413	196,228	37,714	14,037	750,869
1973	181,905	N/A	298,921	182,444	38,139	13,198	714,607
1974	180,795	N/A	305,848	192,425	41,002	13,658	733,728
1975	176,978	N/A	305,863	189,342	42,592	13,412	728,187
1976	188,801	N/A	309,005	187,801	45,072	13,567	744,246

	TABLE NO. 3-2 F.A.A. CERTIFIED U.S. PILOTS BY TYPE OF RATING - 1929-2004													
Year	Student	Recreational	Private	Commercial	ATP	Other	Total							
1977	203,510	N/A	327,424	188,763	50,149	14,086	783,932							
1978	204,874	N/A	337,644	185,833	55,881	14,601	798,833							
1979	210,180	N/A	343,276	182,097	63,652	15,462	814,667							
1980	199,833	N/A	357,479	183,442	69,569	16,748	827,071							
1981	179,912	N/A	328,562	168,580	70,311	16,817	764,182							
1982	156,361	N/A	322,094	165,093	73,471	16,236	733,255							
1983	147,197	N/A	318,643	159,495	75,938	16,731	718,004							
1984	150,081	N/A	320,086	155,929	79,192	17,088	722,376							
1985	146,652	N/A	311,086	151,632	82,740	17,430	709,540							
1986	150,273	N/A	305,736	147,798	87,186	18,125	709,118							
1987	146,016	N/A	300,949	143,645	91,287	17,756	699,653							
1988	136,913	N/A	299,786	143,030	96,968	17,319	694,016							
1989	142,544	N/A	293,179	144,540	102,087	17,660	700,010							
1990	128,663	87	299,111	149,666	107,732	17,400	702,659							
1991	120,203	161	293,306	148,365	112,167	17,893	692,095							
1992	114,597	187	288,078	146,385	115,855	17,857	682,959							
1993	103,583	206	283,700	143,014	117,071	17,495	665,069							
1994	96,254	241	284,236	138,728	117,434	17,195	654,088							
1995	101,279	232	261,399	133,980	123,877	18,417	639,184							
1996	94,947	265	254,002	129,187	127,486	16,374	622,261							
1997	96,101	284	247,604	125,300	130,858	16,195	616,342							
1998	97,736	305	247,226	122,053	134,612	16,366	618,298							
1999	99,184 ¹	343	258,749	124,261	137,642	17,461	637,297							
2000	99,110 ¹	340	251,561	121,858	141,598	17,502	631,629							
2001	94,420 ¹	318	243,823	120,502	144,702	16,516	619,963							
2002	85,991	318	245,230	125,920	144,708	29,913 ²	631,762							
2003	87,296		241,045	123,990	143,504	29,176 ³	625,011							
2004	87,910		235,994	122,592	142,160	29,977 ³	618,633							

¹1999-2001 students restated in 2003-2014 FAA Aerospace Forecasts - March 2003.

²In March 2001, the FAA Registry changed the definition of this pilot category.

³"Other" includes recreational, helicopter (only) and glider (only).

Note: Certificate type (private, commercial, etc.) cannot be used to determine the number of "private pilots" or general aviation pilots. Many pilots who fly for personal business or pleasure earn higher FAA certificates or ratings for personal achievement. As a rule of thumb, about 20 percent of all pilots are actually employed full-time as pilots.

SOURCE: AOPA Website (2-05)

The home addresses of the aircraft owners that have currently based their aircraft at the Lincoln Regional Airport are listed in Table No. 3-3 to identify the area of influence of the airport. Significant portions of the aircraft owner population live outside of the City of Lincoln and even outside of Placer County. The projected growth of the airport is, therefore, expected to be a function of growth not only in Lincoln and Placer County, but in the northern portion of Sacramento County.

TABLE NO. 3-3 2006 BASED AIRCRAFT OWNERS' RESIDENCE LOCATION												
County	City	Lincoln Based Aircraft										
County	City	Total	% of Total									
Placer	Lincoln Auburn Loomis Rocklin Roseville Unincorporated Area Subtotal	54 5 7 28 30 <u>23</u> 147	23.5 2.3 2.8 12.2 13.1 <u>9.8</u> 63.7									
Sacramento	Sacramento Citrus Heights Folsom Unincorporated Area Subtotal	12 12 3 <u>20</u> 47	5.2 5.2 1.4 <u>8.5</u> 20.3									
Others		37	16									
TOTAL		231	100									

Statistical data have been prepared for population, employment, per capital income, based aircraft, and total annual aircraft operations for various significant areas that contribute to growth at the Lincoln Regional Airport. These data have been obtained from the California Aviation System Plan and are shown in Tables No. 3-4 and 3-5 and summarized in Tables No. 3-6 and 3-7. The statistical data include total population and total jobs for the following areas:

- Auburn
- Lincoln
- Loomis
- Rocklin,
- Roseville
- Unincorporated Placer County
- Citrus Heights
- Folsom
- Sacramento and unincorporated Sacramento County

Base Historical Data											
Aircraft Based at Lincoln 2006	(airport)	213									
Annual Operations at Lincoln 2003	(FAA)	73,360									

Formulation of Ratios for Projections													
County			P			Sacra	amento						
Area	Auburn	Lincoln	Loomis	Rocklin	Roseville	Unincorporated	Citrus Heights	Folsom	Sacramento	Unincorporated	Others		
2005 Population	12,683	26,661	6,115	52,035	104,136	98,158	86,744	67,325	448,648	540,521			
# Based AC (2005)	5	50	6	26	28	21	11	3	11	18	34		
% of Total Based AC (2005)	2.35	23.47	2.82	12.21	13.15	9.86	5.16	1.41	5.16	8.45	15.96		
Annual Operations (2005)													
(based on % Total Based AC)	1,722	17,221	2,066	8,955	9,644	7,233	3,789	1,033	3,789	6,199	11,710		
Ratio: Population / Based AC	2,536.60	533.22	1,019.17	2,001.35	3,719.14	4,674.19	7,885.82	22,441.67	40,786.18	30,028.94	-		
Ratio: Population / Annual Operations	7.36	1.55	2.96	5.81	10.80	13.57	22.90	65.16	118.42	87.19	-		

	Historical & Forecast Population & Aviation Activity - Placer County																																
			Auburn					Lincoln					Loomis					Rocklin					Roseville				Uninco	orporated Place	r County		Total	al Placer Cour	nty
			Based Ac										Based Ac					Based Ac		Ops Growth			Based Ac					Based Ac				,ı	
			Growth Rate		Ops Growth			Based Ac Growth		Ops Growth			Growth Rate		Ops Growth			Growth Rate		Rate			Growth Rate		Ops Growth			Growth Rate	1	Ops Growth		, I	1
Year	Population	Based AC	(planes/yr)	Total Ops	Rate (ops/yr)	Population	Based AC	Rate (planes/yr)	Total Ops	Rate (ops/yr)	Population	Based AC	(planes/yr)	Total Ops	Rate (ops/yr)	Population	Based AC	(planes/yr)	Total Ops	(ops/yr)	Population	Based AC	(planes/yr)	Total Ops	Rate (ops/yr)	Population	Based AC	(planes/yr)	Total Ops	Rate (ops/yr)	Population	Based AC	Total Ops
1970	6,570	-	-	-	-	3,176	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,039	-	-	-	-	18,221	-	-	-	-	45,828	-	-	- 1	-	76,834	· · ·	-
1975	6,725	-	-	-	-	3,420	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,490	-	-	-	-	20,150	-	-	-	-	55,600	-	-	- '	-	89,385	· · ·	-
1980	7,540	-	-	-	-	4,132	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,344	-	-	-	-	24,347	-	-	-	-	72,904	-	-	- '	-	116,267	· · ·	-
1985	8,725	-	-	-	-	5,400	-	-	-	-	4,650	-	-	-	-	10,050	-	-	-	-	28,000	-	-	-	-	78,600	-	-	- '	-	135,425	· · ·	-
1990	10,500	-	-	-	-	7,248	-	-	-	-	5,650	-	-	-	-	18,150	-	-	-	-	43,900	-	-	-	-	83,475	-	-	- '	-	168,923	· · ·	-
1995	11,150	-	-	-	-	7,811	-	-	-	-	5,950	-	-	-	-	25,850	-	-	-	-	56,500	-	-	-	-	90,920	-	-	- '	-	198,181	· · ·	-
2000	12,600	-	-	-	-	11,205	-	-	-	-	6,325	-	-	-	-	36,000	-	-	-	-	80,100	-	-	-	-	101,465	-	-	- '	-	247,695	· · ·	-
2005	12,683	5	-	1,722	-	26,661	50	-	17,221	-	6,115	6	-	2,066	-	52,035	26	-	8,955	-	104,136	28	-	9,644	-	98,158	21	-	7,233	-	299,788	136	46,840
2010	13,872	5	0.09	1,884	32.29	45,657	86	7.13	29,490	2,453.95	7,101	7	0.19	2,400	66.64	56,765	28	0.47	9,769	162.80	107,038	29	0.16	9,912	53.75	115,233	25	0.73	8,491	251.63	345,666	180	61,945
2015	15,027	6	0.09	2,040	31.36	54,657	103	3.38	35,304	1,162.64	8,129	8	0.20	2,747	69.48	61,338	31	0.46	10,556	157.39	108,692	29	0.09	10,065	30.63	133,147	28	0.77	9,811	264.00	380,990	205	70,523
2020	16,331	6	0.10	2,217	35.41	63,247	119	3.22	40,852	1,109.68	9,298	9	0.23	3,142	79.01	66,498	33	0.52	11,444	177.60	110,412	30	0.09	10,225	31.86	153,557	33	0.87	11,315	300.78	419,343	230	79,195
2025	17,663	7	0.11	2,398	36.17	72,042	135	3.30	46,533	1,136.16	10,548	10	0.25	3,565	84.48	71,749	36	0.52	12,347	180.73	111,258	30	0.05	10,303	15.67	175,445	38	0.94	12,927	322.56	458,705	256	88,074
2030	18,995	7	0.11	2,579	36.17	80,837	152	3.30	52,214	1,136.16	11,798	12	0.25	3,987	84.48	77,000	38	0.52	13,251	180.73	112,104	30	0.05	10,381	15.67	197,333	42	0.94	14,540	322.56	498,067	282	96,952

		C	trus Heights					Folsom	som Sacramento						Unincorporated Sacramento Co.						Total Sacramento County		
			Based Ac Growth Rate		Ops Growth			Based Ac Growth		Ops Growth			Based Ac Growth Rate		Ops Growth			Based Ac Growth Rate		Ops Growth Rate			
Year	Population	Based AC	(planes/yr)	Total Ops	Rate (ops/yr)		Based AC	Rate (planes/yr)	Total Ops	Rate (ops/yr)	Population	Based AC	(planes/yr)	Total Ops	Rate (ops/yr)		Based AC	(planes/yr)	Total Ops	(ops/yr)	Population	Based AC	Total Ops
1970	-	-	-	-	-	5,810	-	-	-	-	257,105	-	-	-	-	367,349	-	-	-	-	630,264	-	-
1975	-	-	-	-	-	9,125	-	-	-	-	262,700	-	-	-	-	410,300	-	-	-	-	682,125	-	-
1980	-	-	-	-	-	11,003	-	-	-	-	275,741	-	-	-	-	490,209	-	-	-	-	776,953	-	-
1985	-	-	-	-	-	15,600	-	-	-	-	319,700	-	-	-	-	537,800	-	-	-	-	873,100	-	-
1990	-	-	-	-	-	29,600	-	-	-	-	366,500	-	-	-	-	625,785	-	-	-	-	1,021,885	-	-
1995	-	-	-	-	-	39,800	-	-	-	-	384,300	-	-	-	-	675,370	-	-	-	-	1,099,470	-	-
2000	85,400	-	-	-	-	51,300	-	-	-	-	411,200	-	-	-	-	662,410	-	-	-	-	1,210,310	-	-
2005	86,744	11	-	3,789	-	67,325	3	-	1,033	-	448,648	11	-	3,789	-	540,521	18	-	6,199	-	1,143,238	43	14,810
2010	89,177	11	0.06	3,895	21.25	70,372	3	0.03	1,080	9.35	473,218	12	0.12	3,996	41.50	564,736	19	0.16	6,477	55.55	1,197,503	45	15,448
2015	90,573	11	0.04	3,956	12.19	72,778	3	0.02	1,117	7.38	493,034	12	0.10	4,163	33.47	583,772	19	0.13	6,695	43.67	1,240,157	46	15,932
2020	92,027	12	0.04	4,019	12.70	75,425	3	0.02	1,158	8.12	517,035	13	0.12	4,366	40.53	604,702	20	0.14	6,936	48.01	1,289,189	48	16,478
2025	92,755	12	0.02	4,051	6.36	77,695	3	0.02	1,192	6.97	538,303	13	0.10	4,546	35.92	622,564	21	0.12	7,140	40.97	1,331,317	49	16,930
2030	93,483	12	0.02	4,083	6.36	79,965	4	0.02	1,227	6.97	559,571	14	0.10	4,725	35.92	640,426	21	0.12	7,345	40.97	1,373,445	50	17,381

Average Based AC growth Rate (v	v/o
Lincoln) (planes/yr.)	0.23
Average Total Operations growth Rate (w	/o
Lincoln) (ons/vr)	78.01

Historical & Forecast Population & Aviation Activity - Other Areas

Year	Based AC	Total Ops
2005	34	11,710
2010	35	12,100
2015	36	12,490
2020	37	12,880
2025	39	13,270
2030	40	13,660

Notes: = Estimated Bold = Future Projection Prior to 1984 the population of Loomis is included in unincorporated Placer Country Prior to 1997 the population of Citrus Heights is included in unincorporated Sacramento County Prior to 2003 the population of Rancho Cordova is included in unincorporated Sacramento County

Sources: Sacramento Council of Governments (sacog) Ca Department of Finance (DOF) City of Lincoln Data Lincoln Regional Airport Records Federal Aviation Administration (FAA)

Table 3-4 Historical & Forecast Population & Aviation Activity by City For Lincoln Regional Airport

Base Historical	Base Historical Data											
Aircraft Based at Lincoln 2006	(airport)	213										
Annual Operations at Lincoln 2003	(FAA)	73,360										

Formulation of Ratios for Projections														
County					Sacra	mento								
Area	Auburn	Lincoln	Loomis	Rocklin	Roseville	Unincorporated	Citrus Heights	Folsom	Sacramento	Unincorporated	Others			
2005 Jobs	13,417	7,207	4,423	15,003	66,250	50,221	22,314	31,654	293,218	225,261				
# Based AC (2005)	5	50	6	26	28	21	11	3	11	18	34			
% of Total Based AC (2005)	2.35	23.47	2.82	12.21	13.15	9.86	5.16	1.41	5.16	8.45	15.96			
Annual Operations (2005) (based														
on % Total Based AC)	1,722	17,221	2,066	8,955	9,644	7,233	3,789	1,033	3,789	6,199	11,710			
Ratio: Jobs / Based AC	2,683.40	144.14	737.17	577.04	2,366.07	2,391.48	2,028.55	10,551.33	26,656.18	12,514.50	-			
Ratio: Jobs / Annual Operations	7.79	0.42	2.14	1.68	6.87	6.94	5.89	30.64	77.40	36.34	-			

Historical & Forecast Employment & Aviation Activity - Placer County

			Auburn					Lincoln					Loomis					Rocklin					Roseville				Uninc	orporated Place	er County		Tota	al Placer Cou	unty
т Г			Based Ac															Based Ac		Ops Growth			Based Ac					Based Ac					
			Growth Rate		Ops Growth			Based Ac Growth		Ops Growth			Based Ac Growth		Ops Growth			Growth Rate		Rate			Growth Rate		Ops Growth			Growth Rate		Ops Growth			.
Year	Jobs	Based AC	(planes/yr)	Total Ops	Rate (ops/yr)	Jobs	Based AC	Rate (planes/yr)	Total Ops	Rate (ops/yr)	Jobs	Based AC	Rate (planes/yr)	Total Ops	Rate (ops/yr)	Jobs	Based AC	(planes/yr)	Total Ops	(ops/yr)	Jobs	Based AC	(planes/yr)	Total Ops	Rate (ops/yr)	Jobs	Based AC	(planes/yr)	Total Ops	Rate (ops/yr)	Jobs	Based AC	Total Ops
1970		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-
1975		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-
1980		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-
1985		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-
1990		-	-	-	-	3,973	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-
1995		-	-	-	-	4,293	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-
2000		-	-	-	-	4,612	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-
2005	13,417	5	-	1,722	-	7,207	50	-	17,221	-	4,423	6	-	2,066	-	15,003	26	-	8,955	-	66,250	28	-	9,644	-	50,221	21	-	7,233	-	156,521	136	46,840
2010	14,661	5	0.09	1,882	31.93	9,802	68	3.60	23,421	1,240.12	4,851	7	0.12	2,266	39.99	17,349	30	0.81	10,355	280.05	80,211	34	1.18	11,676	406.44	54,127	23	0.33	7,795	112.51	181,001	167	57,395
2015	15,133	6	0.04	1,942	12.12	12,764	89	4.11	30,499	1,415.50	4,960	7	0.03	2,317	10.19	19,042	33	0.59	11,365	202.10	91,013	38	0.91	13,248	314.47	55,006	23	0.07	7,922	25.32	197,918	195	67,294
2020	15,579	6	0.03	2,000	11.45	15,726	109	4.11	37,576	1,415.50	5,025	7	0.02	2,348	6.07	20,833	36	0.62	12,434	213.80	102,880	43	1.00	14,976	345.48	55,757	23	0.06	8,030	21.63	215,800	225	77,364
2025	15,915	6	0.03	2,043	8.63	17,463	121	2.41	41,727	830.09	5,040	7	0.00	2,355	1.40	22,548	39	0.59	13,458	204.72	114,659	48	1.00	16,690	342.92	56,037	23	0.02	8,070	8.06	231,662	245	84,343
2030	16,251	6	0.03	2,086	8.63	19,200	133	2.41	45,877	830.09	5,055	7	0.00	2,362	1.40	24,263	42	0.59	14,482	204.72	126,438	53	1.00	18,405	342.92	56,317	24	0.02	8,111	8.06	247,524	265	91,322

Historical & Forecast Employment & Aviation Activity - Sacramento County

							11101		ot Employi	ioni a Athan	Additing		-										
		C	itrus Heights					Folsom					Sacramento				Uninco	rporated Sacra	mento Co.		Total	Sacramento	County
ĺ			Based Ac Growth Rate		Ops Growth			Based Ac Growth		Ops Growth			Based Ac Growth		Ops Growth			Based Ac Growth Rate		Ops Growth Rate			
Year	Jobs	Based AC	(planes/yr)	Total Ops	Rate (ops/yr)	Jobs	Based AC	Rate (planes/yr)	Total Ops	Rate (ops/yr)	Jobs	Based AC	Rate (planes/yr)	Total Ops	Rate (ops/yr)	Jobs	Based AC	(planes/yr)	Total Ops	(ops/yr)	Jobs	Based Ac	Total Ops
1970	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-
1975	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-
1980	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-
1985	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-
1990	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-
1995	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-
2000		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-		-	-
2005	22,314	11	-	3,789	-	31,654	3	-	1,033	-	293,218	11	-	3,789	-	225,261	18	-	6,199	-	572,447	43	14,810
2010	23,192	11	0.09	3,938	29.81	34,981	3	0.06	1,142	21.72	333,034	12	0.30	4,303	102.89	235,388	19	0.16	6,478	55.74	626,595	46	15,861
2015	22,818	11	-0.04	3,874	-12.70	36,453	3	0.03	1,190	9.61	356,983	13	0.18	4,612	61.89	231,365	18	-0.06	6,367	-22.14	647,619	47	16,044
2020	22,281	11	-0.05	3,783	-18.23	38,011	4	0.03	1,241	10.17	381,945	14	0.19	4,935	64.50	225,211	18	-0.10	6,198	-33.87	667,448	47	16,157
2025	21,568	11	-0.07	3,662	-24.21	39,015	4	0.02	1,274	6.55	405,943	15	0.18	5,245	62.01	216,077	17	-0.15	5,947	-50.28	682,603	47	16,127
2030	20,855	10	-0.07	3,541	-24.21	40,019	4	0.02	1,306	6.55	429,941	16	0.18	5,555	62.01	206,943	17	-0.15	5,695	-50.28	697,758	47	16,098

Average Based AC growth Rate (w/o	
Lincoln) (planes/yr.)	0.23
Average Total Operations growth Rate (w/o	

Average Total Operations growth Rate (w/o Lincoln) (ops/yr) ľ 79.52

Historical & Forecast Employment & Aviation Activity - Other Areas

Year	Based AC	Total Ops
2005	34	11,710
2010	35	12,108
2015	36	12,505
2020	37	12,903
2025	39	13,300
2030	40	13,698

Notes: Bold = Future Projection

Sources: Sacramento Council of Governments (sacog) Ca Department of Finance (DOF) City of Lincoln Data Lincoin Regional Airport Records Federal Aviation Administration (FAA)

Table 3-5 Historical & Forecast Employment & Aviation Activity by City For Lincoln Regional Airport

	Bä	Based Aircraft						-	Fotal Annual	Total Annual Operations		
2004	2004									2004 Master		
CASP (Mead & Hunt)	lead 8		% Market	Brandley Pop. Forecast	Brandley Job. Forecast	Historical	FAA (TAF)	FAA (1.4% growth)	CASP	Plan (Mead & Hunt)	Brandley Pop. Forecast	Brandley Job. Forecast
					1	15,500	1_		1	-	1	1
		-					15,500		-		-	
							15,500					
,		,	,		,	,	16,250		,			1
-		-	-			16,600	16,000		-		-	
-		-	-				16,000		-		-	
							39,002	-	-		-	-
1		,	1		1	,	50,000	1	1		1	I
•			,		'	,	50,000		ı		·	ī
			'		'	50,000	50,000	-		'	1	ı
-	'						50,000	-	-		-	-
-	•		-	-			71,000		-		-	
	'		-	-			71,882		-		-	
	'		-				71,000		-		-	
-	-		-	-		71,000	71,000		-	-	-	
•	'						71,000		-		-	
•	'					,	71,000		-		-	
	'		-		-		71,000		-		-	
	•		-	-	-		71,000		-	-	-	
207 -	'		-	-	-	71,000	71,000	-	68,000		-	
'	'		'			'	71,000	-				ı
•	'						71,645		ı			
	'		'				72,154	-		-		-
-	'						72,674	-	-		-	-
248			1	-		73,194	73,194	-	81,468			
1			1	1	1	,	72,312	1	1		1	I
1		198				'	72,836	-		70,360		
-				'	'	'	73,360	-	-			-
,	ļ	,	,			,	73,882		,			
292				213	213	74,406	74,406	74,406	95,923		73,360	73,360
						'	•			•		•
		-	•			71,000	•			•		
		229	217				75,909	77,575		87,020		-
331			221	260	248		76,928	79,762	108,734		89,494	85,364
		258	227				78,483	83,159		103,200		
366			230	287	282	-	79,538	85,504	120,232	•	100,000	98,000
398			240	325	316		82,242	91,659	130,774	•	113,000	110,000
		318					83,910	95,563		133,560		
1		1	1	362	345	1	85,044	98,258	1		125,000	120,000
,		,		398	380	'	•	105,331			138,000	132,000

Table 3-6 Summary of Historical & Forecast Aviation Activity Lincoln Regional Airport

Bold

Sources: Sacramento Council of Governments (sacog)

City of Lincoln Data Lincoln Regional Airport Records Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) Ca. Aviation System Plan (CASP)

⁼ Future Projection

	Та	ble 3-7	
Histo	rical & Forecast Ba	sed Aircraft by Mar	ket Share
	For Lincoln	Regional Airport	
		Aircraft	
		Lincoln Regional	Market Share
Year	Region	Airport	(%)
1997	36,418	-	-
1998	36,396	-	-
1999	36,610	-	-
2000	37,223	-	-
2001	36,700	-	-
2002	36,747	-	-
2003	37,058	-	-
2004	36,905	-	-
2005	37,920	-	-
2006	38,193	213	0.56
2007	38,489	216	0.56
2008	38,809	217	0.56
2009	39,117	219	0.56
2010	39,440	221	0.56
2011	39,753	223	0.56
2012	40,124	225	0.56
2013	40,448	227	0.56
2014	40,780	228	0.56
2015	41,133	230	0.56
2016	41,497	232	0.56
2017	41,852	234	0.56
2018	42,210	236	0.56
2019	42,583	238	0.56
2020	42,944	240	0.56
2021	43,317	243	0.56
2022	43,708	245	0.56
2023	44,114	247	0.56
2024	44,515	249	0.56
2025	44,919	252	0.56

Bold = Future Projection

Source: FAA Terminal Area Forecast

The data also include the following information:

- Total based aircraft
- Annual aircraft operations including itinerant, local and total

Population data are available from 1976 through 2004 and forecast data for population, employment, based aircraft, and aircraft operations are available through 2025 in most

cases and up to 2050 for the total City and County population. Operations data are available and included from both the F.A.A. Terminal Area Forecast (TAF) System (<u>http://www.apo.data.faa.gov/main/taf.asp</u>) and the California Aviation System Plan. Population data were obtained from the U.S. Census Bureau, the California Department of Finance, the Sacramento Area Council of Governments (SACOG), and the City of Lincoln. The total based aircraft listed are obtained from two different sources; namely, the F.A.A. TAF and the California Aviation System Plan.

The population forecasts show a very rapid growth for the City of Lincoln, beginning in the year 2000, with a corresponding rapid growth for the unincorporated Placer County area. The rapid growth of Roseville and Rocklin occurred between 1990 and 2005. Sacramento City and County growth is forecast to be modest.

The historical data and the forecasts have been presented graphically as follows:

Figure No. 3-1 – Historical and Forecast Population Trends – Placer County California

Figure No. 3-2 – Historical and Forecast Population Trends – Sacramento County, California

Figure No. 3-3 – Historical and Forecast Employment Trends – Placer County, California

Figure No. 3-4 – Historical and Forecast Employment Trends – Sacramento County, California

Figure No. 3-5 – Historical and Forecast Based Aircraft Trends – Lincoln Regional Airport, Lincoln, California

Figure No. 3-6 – Historical and Forecast Annual Operations Trends – Lincoln Regional Airport, Lincoln, California

The based aircraft forecasts and operations forecasts varied significantly between the F.A.A. and the California Aviation System Plan. The F.A.A. forecasts show minor growth at the airport, which matches the forecast growth nationwide. However, with the explosive growth of population and employment in Placer County and the City of Lincoln, these forecasts are considered to be extremely conservative. F.A.A. has recently allowed use of an annual growth rate of 1.4 percent. This compound growth rate of 1.4 percent is shown on Figures 3-5 and 3-6 and is still fairly low.

The California Aviation System Plan (CASP) forecasts are higher than all other forecasts and appear to be based on a compounded growth rate beginning in 1995; whereas, all other forecast growth began in the year 2005. The CASP forecast line basically parallels the other forecast lines. The growth of based aircraft and operations at Lincoln Regional Airport from 1995 to 2005 did not match the CASP forecasts. Long-term trends of based aircraft and operations at an airport vary somewhat throughout the years but the trend is generally fairly uniform. If this holds true for Lincoln Regional

Airport, then the time period between 1988 and 2005 would represent a downtrend and the CASP forecasts could be realized during the forecast period through 2030.

As an alternative to the CASP forecasts, the forecasts designated as "Brandley Forecasts From Population" and "Brandley Forecasts From Employment" are considered to be realistic for this airport, and it is recommended that they be used for development of the airport facilities. The Mead & Hunt forecasts developed in 2004 are also shown on these Figures and indicate a slightly lower forecast for based aircraft and somewhat higher for aircraft operations. The Brandley forecasts are based on the historical relationship between population, employment, and based aircraft or operations of the total air trade area, which includes the City of Lincoln, the southwestern portion of Placer County, and some of the northern portion of Sacramento County and are, therefore, considered to be realistic for this particular airport.

With the introduction of the Very Light Jet, the increase in business jet travel brought on by the fractional ownership of jet aircraft and the possible introduction of Air Taxi Service, the Brandley Forecasts are probably conservative. The development of corporate hangars at general aviation airports near large centers of population and commerce attracts business jet aircraft to base at these general aviation airports, which significantly increases the aviation activity. This type of growth has recently occurred in Visalia and Madera, California, where business jet operators have moved their aircraft from Fresno.

It is recommended that the Brandley forecasts for based aircraft and operations be used for the development of the updated Airport Layout Plan for the Lincoln Regional Airport. It is further recommended that land be preserved for 100 percent future aviation growth and that all other excess airport property be designated as non-aviation and that this land be considered eligible for release from F.A.A. jurisdiction.

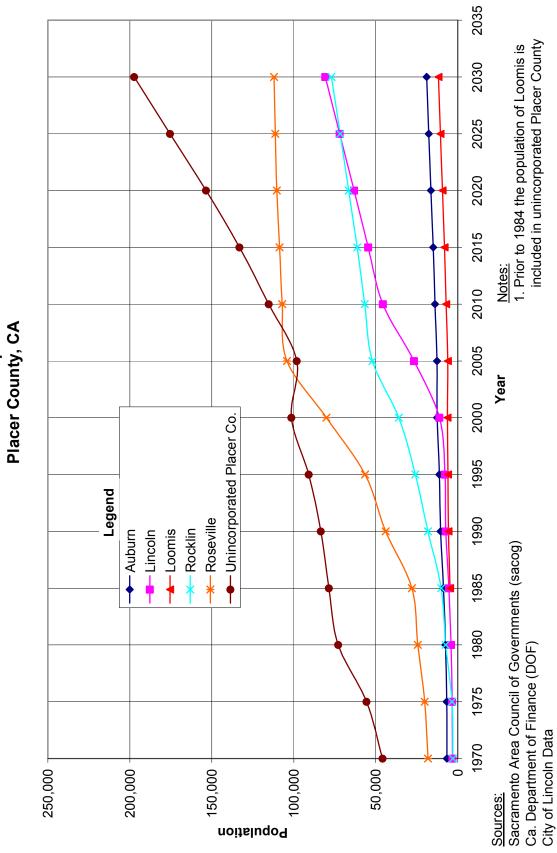
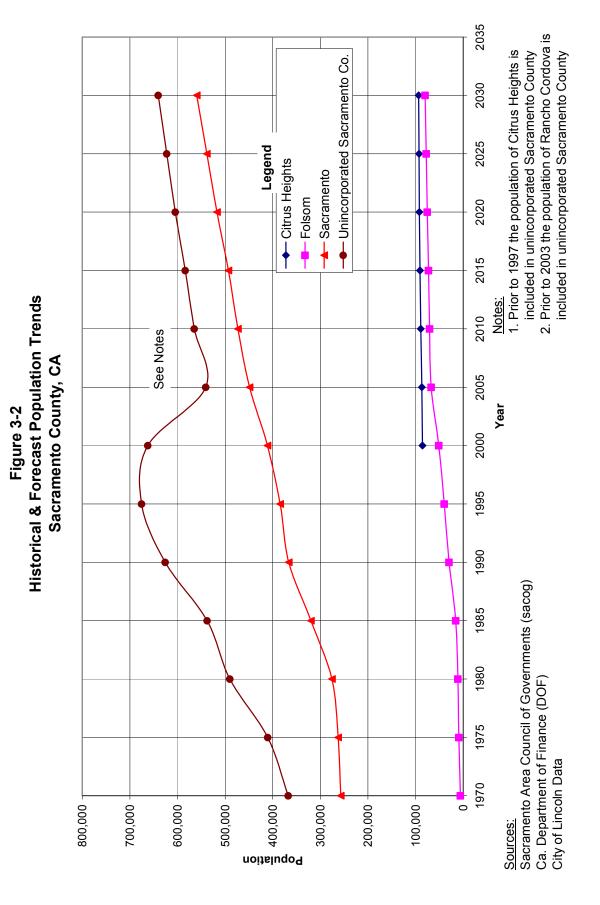


Figure 3-1 Historical & Forecast Population Trends Placer County, CA



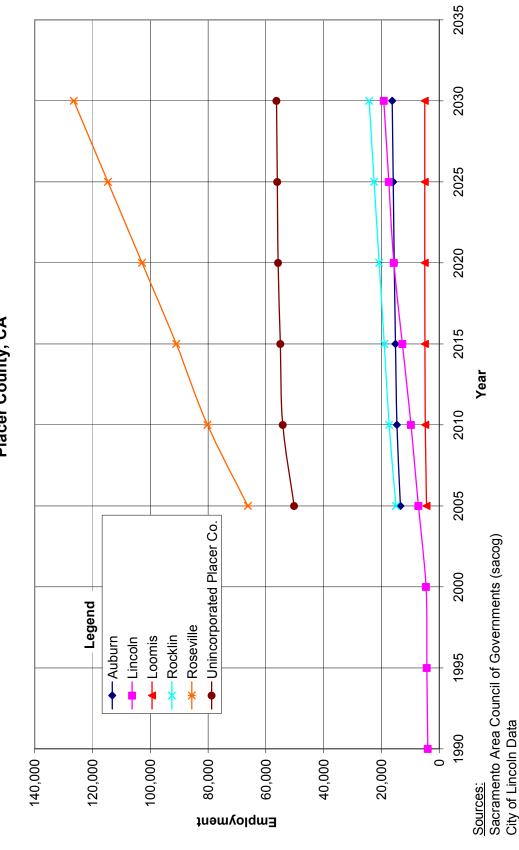
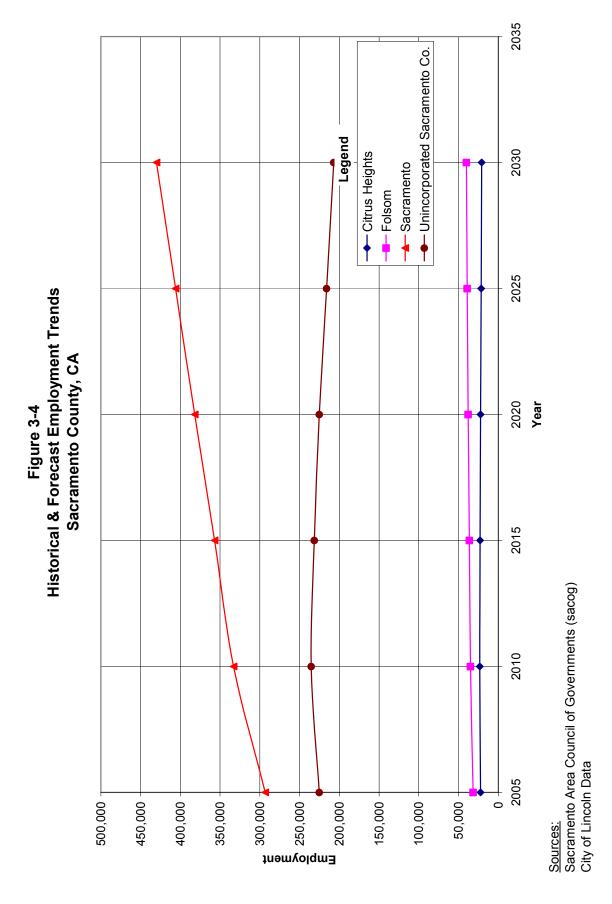


Figure 3-3 Historical & Forecast Employment Trends Placer County, CA



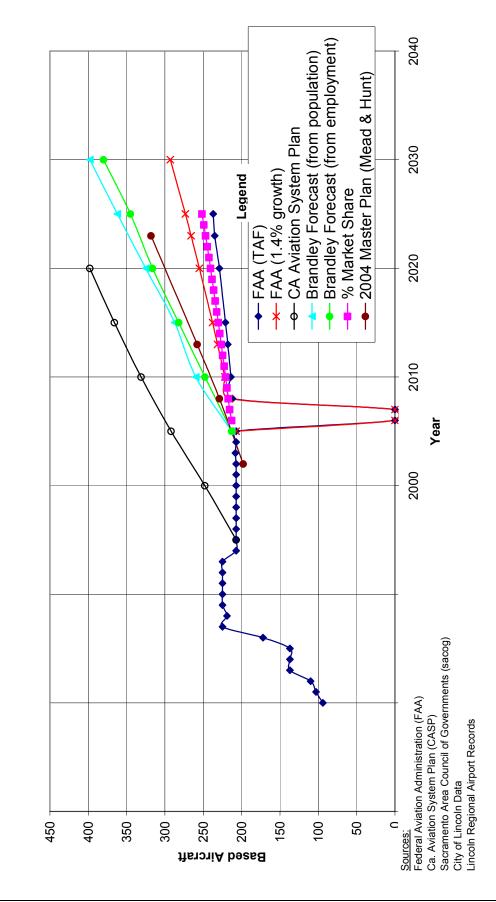
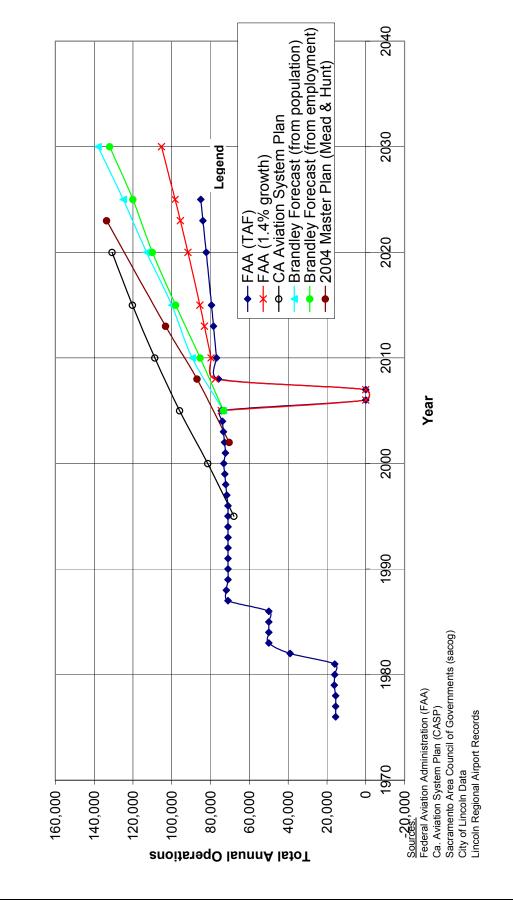


Figure 3-5 Historical & Forecast Based Aircraft Trends Lincoln Regional Airport, Lincoln, Ca.

CHAPTER 3 – AVIATION FORECASTS





3-2 Projected Fleet Mix

The fleet mix at this airport in the 2002/2003 timeframe, which is still valid today, indicates 88 percent single engine aircraft, 8 percent multi-engine, 6 percent jet, and 1 percent helicopter. With the increase in jet traffic and multi-engine aircraft operations, it is expected that these percentages will change showing a decrease in single-engine aircraft operations and a significant increase in multi-engine and jet aircraft operations. F.A.A. projections of nationwide trends also indicate significant decrease in single engine operations and increase in multi-engine and jet operations. It is reasonable to assume that at the end of the forecast period (2030) the based aircraft fleet mix will be 76 percent single-engine, 15 percent multi-engine, 8 percent jet, and 1 percent helicopter.

Currently the based jet aircraft are of the smaller Cessna Citation class, but aircraft of the Gulfstream V and Global Express classes frequently utilize the airport. It is anticipated that future operations of the larger jet aircraft will expand, and there will be significant use by the Very Light Jet (VLJ).

3-3 Critical Aircraft

The critical or design aircraft is considered to be the most demanding aircraft that operate on the airport on a regular basis. F.A.A. considers a minimum of 500 operations annually of a class of aircraft as the minimum requirement for designation of that aircraft as the critical aircraft. The design aircraft at this time is the Cessna Citation VII and is expected to be the G V within the forecast period. The F.A.A. has established airport design standards based on Airport Reference Code (ARC). The ARC includes two components: aircraft approach category and airplane design group. The airport approach category represents operational approach speed characteristics of the critical aircraft. The airplane design group is based on wing span of the critical aircraft. The approach category is denoted by letter, and the airplane design group is denoted by Roman numeral. Lincoln Regional Airport is currently designated as an ARC C III, which will accommodate forecast traffic, including the Gulfstream GV.

3-4 Projected Peak Demand Characteristics

Projections of peak demand characteristics for aircraft operations at the airport are important to estimate delays an aircraft may experience at the airport and to determine the timing for improvements at the airport to increase capacity. Typically the peak hour operation levels are the critical feature for design purposes. The peaking characteristics are generally developed using the following methodology:

Annual Operation Data is converted to peak month activity by taking 10 percent of the annual operations as representing the peak month.

The average day of the peak month is determined by dividing the peak month by 30

The peak hour percentage is typically estimated as 12 to 20 percent of the peak day operations

Using this methodology, peak hour operations at the airport currently are 35 and in 2027 will be 70.

3-5 Summary of Aviation Forecasts

Forecasts prepared have been limited to short-term, medium-term, and long-term and extend out to 20 years. The airport is expected to have a life much longer than 20 years, and it is prudent to provide space on the airport for significant increases in based aircraft and operations. It is considered prudent to reserve space on the airport to accommodate double the number of based aircraft and operations as forecast in the 20-year period, which for the Lincoln Regional Airport would require space for up to 800 based aircraft and 280,000 annual operations. The land should be reserved to accommodate this type of growth. In 20 to 30 years new projections should be made and if the anticipated potential growth is not occurring, then some of the land reserved for airport development could be released for other airport-compatible uses.

Lincoln Regional Airport has sufficient land area and facilities to accommodate double the 20-year forecast based aircraft and annual operations and still have significant area of land not needed for potential aviation uses. This excess land can be used for airport-compatible non-aviation development. Income from these uses will make the airport a financial self-sustaining operation, including the ability to fund Airport's share of facilities and capital improvements.